CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
JUNE 30, 2006

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CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE OFFICIALS

<u>NAME</u>	TITLE	TERM EXPIRES
Eric Nielsen	Mayor	December 31, 2007
Barb Ricke Duane Yager Jerry Harbst Jeff Thee Kevin Bice Clyde Ihrke Steve Balm	Council Member - to December 31, 2005 Council Member - to December 31, 2005 Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member - from January 1, 2006 Council Member - from January 1, 2006	
Peter Hegeman	Clerk/Administrator/Treasurer - resigned September 29, 2006	
Earl Maahs	Attorney	December 31, 2007

WINTHER, STAVE & Co., LLP

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Spirit Lake Spirit Lake, IA 51360

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Spirit Lake, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Spirit Lake's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Spirit Lake at June 30, 2006 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 24, 2007 on our consideration of the City of Spirit Lake's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 12 and 53 through 57 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Spirit Lake's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the four years ended June 30, 2005 (which are not presented herein) and expressed an unqualified opinion on the June 30, 2004 and 2005 financial statements and a qualified opinion on the June 30, 2002 and 2003 financial statements due to the omission of the general fixed asset account group. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 3 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Winden, Stone Co The

January 24, 2007

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of Spirit Lake provides this management's discussion and analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow.

2005 Financial Highlights

- Revenues of the City's governmental activities increased 4.57%, or approximately \$225,000 from fiscal 2005 to fiscal 2006. Property tax increased approximately \$286,000.
- Program expenditures decreased by 6.48% or approximately \$719,000, in fiscal 2006 from fiscal 2005. Public safety, public works, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, and capital projects expenditures increased approximately \$82,000, \$401,000, \$246,000, \$198,000, \$56,000, and \$1,341,000, respectively. Debt service expenditures decreased by approximately \$3,043,000.
- The City's net assets increased 5.99%, or approximately \$1,125,000, from June 30, 2005 to June 30, 2006. Of this amount, the net assets of the governmental funds increased by approximately \$709,000 and the net assets of the business type activities increased by approximately \$416,000.

Using This Annual Report

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the City's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present an overall view of the City's finances.

The fund financial statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds.

Notes to financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the City's budget for the year.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the non-major governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting

The City financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City prepares its budget and maintains its financial records on the cash basis.

Reporting The City's Financial Activities

Government-wide Financial Statement

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities reports information which helps answer this question.

The Statement of Net Assets presents all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as "net assets". Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities include public safety, public works, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, and capital projects. Property tax and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business Type Activities include the waterworks, the sanitary sewer system, and the solid waste department. These activities are financed primarily by user charges.

Fund Financial Statements

The City has two kinds of funds:

1. Governmental funds account for most of the City's basic services. These focus on how money flows into and out of those funds, and the balances at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental funds include: (a) the General Fund, (b) the Special Revenue Funds, such as Local Option Sales Tax and Tax Increment Financing, (c) the Debt Service Fund, and (d) the Capital Projects Fund. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs.

The required financial statements for governmental funds include a balance sheet and a statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

2. Proprietary funds account for the City's Enterprise and Internal Service Funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report business type activities. The City maintains three Enterprise Funds to provide separate information for the water, sewer, and solid waste funds, considered to be major funds of the City. The City has two Internal Service Funds which are used to account for the City's self-insurance and to account for reserves accumulated to fund future equipment purchases.

The required financial statements for proprietary funds include a statement of net assets, a statement of revenue, expenses and changes in fund net assets, and a statement of cash flows.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. The analysis that follows focuses on the changes in the net assets for governmental and business type activities.

Net Assets as of Ju	ne 30, 2006	Business	
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	Governmental		Total \$ 7,247,318 40,261,281 47,508,599
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total liabilities	17,345,831 6,907,114 24,252,945	3,130,232 202,878 3,333,110	20,476,063 7,109,992 27,586,055
Net assets: Invested in capital assets - net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	11,148,203 1,539,854 (2,255,168)	7,592,998 	18,741,201 1,539,854 (358,511)
Total net assets	<u>\$10,432,889</u>	<u>\$ 9,489,655</u>	<u>\$19,922,544</u>
Net Assets as of Jur	ne 30, 2005 Governmental	Business Type	
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	Activities \$ 4,501,435 24,467,287 28,968,722	<u>Activities</u> \$ 2,332,878 <u>10,117,497</u> <u>12,450,375</u>	Total \$ 6,834,313 34,584,784 41,419,097
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total liabilities	12,557,421 6,687,020 19,244,441	3,265,431 111,735 3,377,166	15,822,852 6,798,755 22,621,607
Net assets: Invested in capital assets - net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	11,957,587 1,057,180 (3,290,486)	6,901,404 2,171,805	18,858,991 1,057,180 (1,118,681)
Total net assets	<u>\$ 9,724,281</u>	\$ 9,073,209	\$18,797,490

Changes in Net Assets for the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		vernmental <u>Activities</u>	Business Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues:				
Program revenues:			.	
Charges for services	\$	172,408	\$2,301,925	\$ 2,474,333
Operating grants, contributions, and restricted		404 550	000	405 445
interest		484,559	886	485,445
Capital grants, contributions, and restricted interest		125,732	23	125,755
General revenues:		120,732	23	125,755
Property and other city taxes		1,293,761		1,293,761
Tax increment financing		2,172,594		2,172,594
Local option sales tax		662,261		662,261
Unrestricted grants and contributions		002,20		VVE,EU 1
Unrestricted investment earnings		100,586	38,699	139,285
Unrestricted miscellaneous		82,792		82,792
Operating transfers		3,450	(3,450)	
Fixed asset transfers		(297,852)	297,852	
Total revenues		<u>4,800,291</u>	<u>2,635,935</u>	<u>7,436,226</u>
_				
Program expenses:				
Public safety		881,040		881,040
Public works		1,160,477		1,160,477
Culture and recreation		542,766		542,766
Community and economic development		485,133		485,133
General government		340,037		340,037
Debt service		682,230	1,396,540	682,230 1,396,540
Sewer			167,418	167,418
Solid waste			655,531	655,531
Total expenses		4,091,683	2,219,489	6,311,172
Total oxpollogo		1,001,000		
Change in net assets		708,608	416,446	1,125,054
Net assets - beginning of year		9,724,281	9,073,209	18,797,490
Net assets - end of year	<u>\$10</u>	0,432,889	\$9,489,655	<u>\$19,922,544</u>

Net assets of governmental activities increased from FY05 by approximately \$709,000 or 7.29%. Net assets of business type activities increased from FY05 by approximately \$416,000 or 4.59%. The largest portion of the City's net assets is the invested in capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment), less the related debt. The debt related to the investment in capital assets is liquidated with sources other than capital assets. Restricted net assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation on how they can be used. Other restricted net assets are economic development loans.

Changes in Net Assets for the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 157,420	\$1,922,963	\$ 2,080,383
Operating grants, contributions, and restricted			
interest	478,154	4,869	483,023
Capital grants, contributions, and restricted	775 000		775 000
interest	775,928		775,928
General revenues:	000 500		000 500
Property and other city taxes	986,539		986,539
Tax increment financing	1,731,352		1,731,352
Local option sales tax	725,777		725,777
Unrestricted grants and contributions	8,343	0.040	8,343
Unrestricted investment earnings	11,601	9,046	20,647
Unrestricted miscellaneous	19,234	(0.000)	19,234
Operating transfers Fixed asset transfers	3,600	(3,600)	
Total revenues	(387,135)	387,135	0.004.000
Total revenues	<u>4,510,813</u>	<u>2,320,413</u>	6,831,226
Program expenses:			
Public safety	785,304		785,304
Public works	1,163,528		1,163,528
Culture and recreation	437,734		437,734
Community and economic development	287,054		287,054
General government	331,767		331,767
Debt service	2,784,280		2,784,280
Water	2,104,200	1,175,379	1,175,379
Sewer		130,971	130,971
Solid waste		583,583	583,583
Total expenses	5,789,667	<u>1,889,933</u>	7,679,600
Total expenses	<u> </u>	1,009,933	7,079,000
Change in net assets	(1,278,854)	430,480	(848,374)
Net assets - beginning of year	11,003,135	8,642,729	19,645,864
Net assets - end of year	<u>\$ 9,724,281</u>	\$9,073,209	<u>\$18,797,490</u>

Individual Major Governmental Fund Analysis

Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Years Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

	2006 <u>All Funds</u>	2005 <u>All Funds</u>
Revenues Expenditures	\$ 5,142,078 10,381,329	\$ 4,917,234
Net	(5,239,251)	(6,183,434)
Other financing sources and changes in inventories and prepaids	6,068,055	3,367,282
Increase (decrease) in fund balances	828,804	(2,816,152)
Fund balance - beginning of year	(2,209,044)	607,108
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$ (1,380,240</u>)	<u>\$ (2,209,044)</u>

Governmental funds reported a combined fund deficit of \$1,380,240 at June 30, 2006 which was \$828,804 less than the fund deficit at June 30, 2005.

The general fund showed an increase in fund balance of \$17,537 to \$251,948. This increase was due to the general fund being reimbursed for payroll costs of \$105,940 which were charged to the general fund but should have been charged to various construction projects. In addition, the City changed its method of accounting for the economic development loans fund. In prior years, that fund was reported as a separate special revenue fund. Since that fund is not required to be reported in a separate fund, the City now is including that fund with the general fund. Without this change, the ending fund balance in the general fund would be \$546,654 less than reported.

The City is in the process of finding a solution to the problem. The City did not request the maximum amount of tax increment financing (TIF) revenues for fiscal year ending June 30, 2007. It is the intention of the City not to request the maximum amount of TIF for years ending after June 30, 2008. This will result in more property tax revenues for the general fund. The proposed budget for fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 requests an increase in the employee benefits levy and also requests an emergency levy. The City also hopes to change the local option sales tax referendum to allow the 60%, which is now allocated to capital improvements, to be allocated to the general fund. The City believes these actions, in addition to controlling expenditures and a general increase in property tax valuations, will eliminate the deficit.

The local option sales tax fund showed an increase in fund balance of \$586,736 to \$1,069,196 due to the proceeds of a \$1,000,000 bond issue which has not been completely spent.

The tax increment financing fund showed an increase in fund balance of \$885,178 due to a \$5,000,000 bond issue which has not been completely transferred to the capital projects fund.

The capital project fund showed a decrease in fund balance of \$652,154 and is showing a deficit of \$3,724,580. This deficit will be eliminated by transfers from the tax increment financing fund and from the proceeds of a new bond issue.

Individual Major Business Type Fund Analysis

Changes in Net Assets - Proprietary Funds For the Years Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

	Enterpris 2006	se Funds 2005	Internal Sei 2006	rvice Funds 2005
Revenues Expenses	\$2,338,745 _2,222,921	\$1,936,486 1,898,772	\$ 41,793 	\$ 35,156
Net	115,824	37,714	12,982	20,606
Net transfers	293,402	329,135	(6,860)	54,400
Increase in net assets	409,226	366,849	6,122	75,006
Net assets - beginning of year	8,958,470	8,591,621	240,064	165,058
Net assets - end of year	<u>\$9,367,696</u>	\$8,958,470	<u>\$246,186</u>	\$240,064

Proprietary funds reported combined net assets of \$9,613,882 at June 30, 2006 which was an increase of \$415,348 over the net assets at June 30, 2005.

The water fund showed an increase in net assets of \$19,423 due to transfers of capital assets from the capital projects funds of \$180,337. The sewer and solid waste funds showed increases in net assets of \$159,523 and \$230,280, respectively. The internal services funds showed a combined increase in net assets of \$6,122.

Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City amended the budget once. The amendment was approved on May 23, 2006. This amendment was to cover additional capital project and debt service expenditures. Even with the amendment, disbursements exceeded budgeted amounts in the culture and recreation and community and economic development functions.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets Administration

The City's capital assets are summarized as follows:

June 30, 2006	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Water towers Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure Total capital assets Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	4,752,165 1,882,153 2,729,002 24,291,992 34,068,215	\$ 96,859 643,360 5,814,548 891,356 1,458,551 5,355,337 14,260,011 3,133,885 \$11,126,126	\$ 509,762 5,395,525 7,696,701 891,356 4,187,553 29,647,329 48,328,226 8,066,945 \$40,261,281
Depreciation expense	\$ 687,053	\$ 317,683	<u>\$ 1,004,736</u>
June 30, 2005	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Water towers Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure Total capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 302,181 4,921,859 1,714,505 2,403,223 19,413,460 28,755,228 4,287,941	\$ 96,859 5,837 5,774,220 891,356 1,125,908 5,039,519 12,933,699 2,816,202	\$ 399,040 4,927,696 7,488,725 891,356 3,529,131 24,452,979 41,688,927 7,104,143
Net capital assets	\$24,467,287	\$10,117,497	\$34,584,784

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2006, the City had \$20,465,000 in bonds and other long-term debt, compared to \$15,766,093 last year as shown below.

Outstanding Debt at Year-End

	June 30,	
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
General obligation bonds		\$12,550,000
Water revenue capital loan notes		3,216,093
Total	\$20,465,000	<u>\$15,766,093</u>

The Constitution of the State of Iowa limits the amount of general obligation debt cities can issue to 5% of the assessed value of all taxable property within the City's corporate limits. The City's outstanding general obligation debt and local option sales tax bonds of \$12,385,000 is within its constitutional debt limit of \$14,486,885. The water revenue capital loan notes used to finance the water plant improvement project do not count toward the City's legal 5% debt limitations. The annual appropriation bonds count toward the City's debt limitation only to the extent of principal and interest due within the next fiscal year.

The City issued \$5,000,000 in general obligation annual appropriation bonds and \$1,000,000 in local option sales tax revenue bonds during the year ended June 30, 2006.

Economic Factors Bearing on the City's Future

The city's major concerns when setting the budget for June 30, 2007 were the general fund and finding funding for the various construction projects. The City requested less than the maximum tax increment financing revenues which will result in more general fund property tax revenue. The budget projects a small surplus in the general fund.

Major projects budgeted for June 30, 2007 included completion of several projects, including Southern Glen, 28th Street and 235th Avenue, the 2006 paving and lighting projects, and the water tower project. The City also budgeted for a water treatment plant expansion project. At this point, however, the water plant expansion project has been delayed.

The City raised water and sewer rates effective October 1, 2005. Another rate increase was effective July 1, 2006 and a third increase will take effect on July 1, 2007.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City office, 1803 Hill Avenue, Spirit Lake, Iowa.



CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

ASSETS	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,447,553	\$ 1,311,284	\$ 2,758,837
Delinquent	14,608		14,608
Succeeding year Tax increment financing:	1,520,608		1,520,608
Delinquent	13,252		13,252
Succeeding year	1,955,023		1,955,023
Accounts and unbilled usage	7,922	258,653	266,575
Special assessments - current portion		1,662	1,662
Accrued interest	9,253	1,881	11,134
Economic development loans	333,000		333,000
Due from other funds	17,154		17,154
Due from other governments	163,031		163,031
Inventories	40,488	36,719	77,207
Prepaid expenses Restricted assets:	28,787	25,677	54,464
Cash and pooled investments		20,235	20,235
Special assessments - net of current portion		6,652	6,652
Loan fees - net of accumulated amortization		33,876	33,876
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	<u>29,135,155</u>	11,126,126	40,261,281
TOTAL ASSETS	34,685,834	12,822,765	47,508,599

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - Continued JUNE 30, 2006

LIABILITIES	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Accounts payable Medical claims payable Retainages payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Salaries payable Accrued interest payable Deposit on new bond issue Deferred revenues:	\$ 3,127,175 1,996 141,389 53,648 64,275 43,000	\$ 106,976 1,902 24,650 17,154 12,306 31,548 8,342	\$ 3,234,151 3,898 166,039 17,154 12,306 85,196 72,617 43,000
Succeeding year property tax	1,520,608 1,955,023		1,520,608 1,955,023
Customer deposits Compensated absences General obligation bonds Revenue notes Portion due of payable after one year: General obligation bonds - net of unamortized	60,196 1,240,000	20,235 29,997 142,000	20,235 90,193 1,240,000 142,000
bond discountLocal option sales tax revenue bonds	15,045,635 1,000,000	2,938,000	15,045,635 1,000,000 2,938,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	24,252,945	3,333,110	27,586,055
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets - net of related debt Restricted for:	11,148,203	7,592,998	18,741,201
Debt service Economic development loans Special revenue purposes Unrestricted	(46,650) 333,000 1,253,504 (2,255,168)	1,896,657	(46,650) 333,000 1,253,504 (358,511)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$10,432,889	<u>\$9,489,655</u>	<u>\$19,922,544</u>

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

		Program Revenues		
			Operating	Capital
			Grants,	Grants,
			Contributions,	Contributions,
		Oh 6	and	and
	Evnonces	Charges for	Restricted	Restricted
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS:	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Services</u>	Interest	<u>Interest</u>
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:				
Public safety	\$ 881,040	\$ 168,770	\$ 28,167	
Public works		•	357,898	\$125,732
Culture and recreation		3,638	60,585	
Community and economic development				
General government				
Interest and fees on long-term debt	<u>682,230</u>		<u> 37,909</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	4 004 602	170 100	404 EEO	105 700
ACTIVITIES	4,091,683	<u>172,408</u>	<u>484,559</u>	<u>125,732</u>
BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES:				
Water	1,396,540	1,250,368	886	23
Sewer	167,418	214,391		
Solid waste	<u>655,531</u>	<u>837,166</u>		
TOTAL BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES	<u>2,219,489</u>	<u>2,301,925</u>	<u>886</u>	23
TOTAL	\$6,311,172	¢o 474 222	\$ 485,445	¢105 755
IOIAL	<u> </u>	<u>\$2,474,333</u>	<u># 400,445</u>	<u>\$125,755</u>

GENERAL REVENUES:

Property and other city taxes levied for:
General purposes
Tax increment financing
Local option sales tax
Unrestricted investment earnings
Unrestricted miscellaneous
Operating transfers
Fixed asset transfers
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR

NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR

Exhibit B

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities	Business Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ (684,103) (676,847) (478,543) (485,133) (340,037) (644,321) (3,308,984)		\$ (684,103) (676,847) (478,543) (485,133) (340,037) (644,321)
,		
	\$ (145,263) 46,973 181,635 83,345	(145,263) 46,973 <u>181,635</u> 83,345
(3,308,984)	<u>83,345</u>	(3,225,639)
1,293,761 2,172,594		1,293,761 2,172,594
662,261 100,586 82,792	38,699	662,261 139,285 82,792
3,450 (297,852) 4,017,592	(3,450) <u>297,852</u> <u>333,101</u>	4,350,693
708,608	416,446	1,125,054
9,724,281	9,073,209	18,797,490
\$10,432,889	<u>\$9,489,655</u>	<u>\$19,922,544</u>

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

ASSETS

	<u>General</u>	Local Option Sales Tax	Tax Increment <u>Financing</u>
ASSETS: Cash and pooled investments Receivables - net, where applicable, of allowance for uncollectibles: Property tax:		\$1,112,503	\$ 106,335
Delinquent Succeeding year Tax increment financing:	\$ 11,552 1,224,830		
Delinquent Succeeding year Accounts	7,922		13,252 1,955,023
Accrued interest Economic development loans	599 333,000	3,922	3,881
Due from other funds Due from other governments Inventories Prepaid expenses	365,932 8,235 40,488 	168,451 125,148	930,704
TOTAL ASSETS	\$2,021,345	<u>\$1,410,024</u>	\$3,009 <u>,195</u>
LIABILITIES AND FU	ND EQUITY		
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payableRetainages payable	\$ 322,283	\$ 1,148	\$ 33,441
Due to other funds	168,451	339,680	87,639
Salaries payable Compensated absences Deferred revenue:	46,980 6,853	·	,
Succeeding year property tax	1,224,830		
Succeeding year tax increment financing TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,769,397	340,828	1,955,023 2,076,103
FUND BALANCES:			
Reserved for debt service	333,000		
Reserved for inventories and prepaids	69,275		
Designated for economic development Undesignated reported in:	213,654		
General fundSpecial revenue funds	(363,981)	1,069,196	933,092
Capital projects funds	054.040		
IOTAL LOND BALANCES	<u>251,948</u>	<u>1,069,196</u>	933,092
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$2,021,345</u>	\$ 1,410,024	\$3,009,195

EXHIBIT C

Debt <u>Service</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ 46,744		\$ 56,421	\$1,322,003
		3,056 295,778	14,608 1,520,608
	\$ 9	169	13,252 1,955,023 7,922 8,580
78,541 1,781		27,867	333,000 1,543,628 163,031 40,488
<u>\$127,066</u>	<u>\$9</u>	\$383,291	\$6,950,930
\$109,441	\$2,761,937 141,389 821,263	\$ 8,366 6,668	\$3,127,175 141,389 1,526,474 53,648
109,441	3,724,589	295,778	6,853 1,520,608 1,955,023 8,331,170
17,625			17,625 333,000 69,275
			213,654
17,625	(3,724,580) (3,724,580)	72,479 72,479	(363,981) 2,074,767 (3,724,580) (1,380,240)
<u>\$127,066</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$383,291</u>	<u>\$6,950,930</u>

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES PER EXHIBIT C	\$(1,380,240)
AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$34,068,215 and the accumulated depreciation is \$4,933,060.	29,135,155
The internal service funds are used by the City to charge the cost of partial self funding the City's health insurance benefit plan to the individual funds and to fund future equipment purchases. A portion of the assets and liabilities of the internal service funds is included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.	124,227
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, a portion of compensated absences, and	
accrued interest payable, are not due and payable within the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	(17,446,253)
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES PER EXHIBIT A	\$10,432,889

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

REVENUES:	<u>General</u>	Local Option Sales Tax	Tax Increment Financing
Property tax	\$ 881,228 164,224	\$ 662,261	\$2,172,594
Licenses and permits Use of money and property Intergovernmental	131,435 6,385 50,208	11,857	77,489
Charges for services Miscellaneous TOTAL REVENUES	121,608 <u>61,003</u> <u>1,416,091</u>		2,250,083
EXPENDITURES: Public safety Public works	711,843 719,453		
Culture and recreation	447,837 172,469 291,591	100,000 110,721 6,872	201,942 53,775
Debt service Capital projects TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,343,193	217,593	87,639 343,356
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(927,102)	<u>457,311</u>	1,906,727
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Proceeds from stamped warrants	865,894	(870,575)	(5,999,549)
Stamped warrants redeemed Sale of fixed assets Good faith deposit on new bond issue Bond proceeds Bond discount	56,000	1,000,000	43,000 5,000,000 (65,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	921,894	129,425	(1,021,549)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	(5,208)	586,736	885,178
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR, as restated	234,411	482,460	47,914
NET INCREASE IN RESERVES FOR PREPAID EXPENSES AND INVENTORY OF SUPPLIES	<u>22,745</u>		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 251,948	\$1,069,196	<u>\$ 933,092</u>

EXHIBIT E

Debt <u>Service</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
		\$ 248,309	\$ 1,129,537 2,172,594 826,485 131,435
\$ 1 33,481	\$ 87 5,000	1,612 365,574	97,431 454,263 121,608
4,429 37,911	120,732 125,819	21,775 637,270	208,725 5,142,078
		148,062 381,027 102,048	859,905 1,100,480 649,885 485,132
1,876,871	2,616	11,487	363,725 1,879,487
1,876,871	<u>4,955,076</u> <u>4,957,692</u>	642,624	5,042,715 10,381,329
(1,838,960)	_(4,831,873)	(5,354)	(5,239,251)
1,835,821	4,289,654 (109,935) 744,471 (744,471)		6,991,369 (6,980,059) 744,471 (744,471) 56,000 43,000 6,000,000 (65,000)
1,835,821	4,179,719		6,045,310
(3,139)	(652,154)	(5,354)	806,059
20,764	(3,072,426)	77,833	(2,209,044)
			22,745
<u>\$ 17,625</u>	<u>\$(3,724,580</u>)	<u>\$ 72,479</u>	\$ (1,380,240)

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS PER EXHIBIT E		\$ 806,059
AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. Capital expenditures exceeded depreciation expense for the year, as follows:		
Expenditures for capital assets Transferred to water and sewer Depreciation expense	\$5,652,773 (297,852) (687,053)	4,667,868
Prepaid expenses and inventory are not available to pay current period expenses and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. The change in prepaid expenses and inventory results in differences between the statements, as follows:		
Inventories - end of year Prepaid expenses - end of year Inventories - beginning of year Prepaid expenses - beginning of year	40,488 28,787 (23,438) (23,092)	22,745
Certain other receivables are not available to pay current period expenses and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. The change in these deferred amounts results in differences between the statements, as follows:		
Other receivables deferred - end of year Other receivables deferred - beginning of year	(600)	(600)
Proceeds from issuing long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to the governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Current year new issues exceeded repayments, as follows:		
New issues Deposit on new issue Bond discount on new issues Amortization of bond discount Repayments	(6,000,000) (43,000) 65,000 (5,935) 1,165,000	(4,818,935)

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditure in governmental funds. The change in these accrued expenses results in differences between the statements, as follows:

Compensated absences - end of year	\$ (53,343) (64,275) 47,721 102,466	\$ 32,569
The internal service funds are used by the City to charge the cost of partial self funding the City's health insurance benefit plan to the individual funds and to fund future equipment purchases. A portion of the change in net assets of the internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.		 (1,098)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES PER EXHIBIT B		\$ 708,608

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

ASSETS

		Enterprise Funds		
ASSETS	<u>Water</u>	Sewer	Solid Waste	<u>Total</u>
Cash and pooled investments		\$ 603,794	\$ 583,629	\$1,187,423
Accounts and unbilled usage		33,261 1,662	28,899	258,653 1,662
Accrued interest Due from other funds		735 36,657	449	1,881 36,657
Inventories	15,874		20,845	36,719
Prepaid expenses Restricted assets:	19,023	1,125	5,529	25,677
Customer deposits - cash	20,235	6,652		20,235 6,652
Loan fees - net of accumulated amortization Capital assets - net of accumulated	33,876			33,876
depreciation TOTAL ASSETS	8,121,821 8,408,019	2,380,776 3,064,662	623,529 1,262,880	11,126,126 12,735,561
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	44,902	28,877	33,197	106,976
Medical claims payable	04.050			04.050
Retainages payable Due to other funds	24,650 48,042	5,769		24,650
Due to other governments	12,306	5,769		53,811 12,306
Salaries payable	20,309	2,418	8,821	31,548
Accrued interest payable Payable from restricted assets:	8,342	2,410	0,021	8,342
Customer deposits	20,235			20,235
Compensated absences	25,846		4,151	29,997
Revenue notes payable	3,080,000			3,080,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,284,632	<u>37,064</u>	46,169	<u>3,367,865</u>
NET ASSETS: Invested in capital assets - net of				
related debt	, ,	2,365,926	623,529	7,592,998
Unrestricted	<u>519,844</u>	<u>661,672</u>	<u>593,182</u>	<u>1,774,698</u>
TOTAL NET ASSETS	<u>\$5,123,387</u>	\$3,027,598	<u>\$1,216,711</u>	\$ 9,367,696

EXHIBIT G

Internal Service Funds			
Self-Insurance	Equipment Revolving	<u>Total</u>	
\$ 77,945	\$171,466	\$249,411	
	673	673	
	0.0	0,0	
77,945	172,139	250,084	
3,898		3,898	

3,898		3,898	
<u>74,047</u>	<u> 172,139</u>	246,186	
<u>\$ 74,047</u>	<u>\$172,139</u>	<u>\$246,186</u>	

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

TOTAL NET ASSETS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS PER EXHIBIT G \$9,367,696

AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:

The internal service funds are used by the City to charge the cost of partial self funding the City's health insurance benefit plan to the individual funds and to fund future equipment purchases. A portion of the assets and liabilities of the internal service funds is included in business type activities in the Statement of Net Assets. 121,959

TOTAL NET ASSETS - BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES PER EXHIBIT A

\$9,489,655

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

		Enterprise	Funds	
	<u>Water</u>	Sewer	Solid Waste	<u>Total</u>
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services Reimbursements from operating funds		\$ 214,391	\$ 837,166	\$2,301,925
Miscellaneous TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	910 1,251,278	214,391	837,166	910 2,302,835
OPERATING EXPENSES: Business type activities:				
Cost of sales and services Depreciation Amortization	207,976	106,136 61,462	608,056 48,245	1,798,561 317,683 1,255
Insurance charges and claims TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,293,600	167,598	656,301	2,117,499
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(42,322)	46,793	180,865	185,336
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES Interest income	S): 13,555	11,905	10,450	35,910
Revenue bond	(105,422)	***************************************		(105,422)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(91,867)	<u>11,905</u>	10,450	(69,512)
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(134,189)	<u>58,698</u>	<u>191,315</u>	115,824
Operating transfers in	(26,725) 180,337 153,612	(16,690) 117,515 100,825	65,000 (26,035) 38,965	65,000 (69,450) <u>297,852</u> <u>293,402</u>
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	19,423	159,523	230,280	409,226
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,103,964	2,868,075	986,431	8,958,470
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	<u>\$5,123,387</u>	<u>\$3,027,598</u>	<u>\$1,216,711</u>	<u>\$9,367,696</u>

EXHIBIT I

Internal Service Funds			
Self-Insurance	Equipment Revolving	<u>Total</u>	
\$ 35,850		\$ 35,850	
<u>35,850</u>		35,850	
<u>28,811</u> <u>28,811</u>		28,811 28,811	
7,039		7,039	
	\$ 5,943	5,943	

	<u>5,943</u>	5,943	
<u>7,039</u>	5,943	12,982	
	66,000 (72,860)	66,000 (72,860)	
	(6,860)	(6,860)	
7,039	(917)	6,122	
67,008	<u>173,056</u>	240,064	
<u>\$ 74,047</u>	<u>\$172,139</u>	<u>\$246,186</u>	

EXHIBIT J

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

TOTAL CHANGE IN NET ASSETS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS PER EXHIBIT I	\$409,226
AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:	
The internal service funds are used by the City to charge the cost of partial self funding the City's health insurance benefit plan to the individual funds and to fund future equipment purchases. A portion of the change in net assets of the internal service funds is reported with business type activities	<u>7,220</u>
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES PER EXHIBIT B	\$416.446

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Enterprise Funds			
CACH ELONGO EDOM	<u>Water</u>	<u>Sewer</u>	Solid Waste	<u>Total</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Cash received from customers Other operating receipts Cash payments from operating funds Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments for goods and services NET CASH PROVIDED BY	910	\$ 205,850	\$ 844,419	\$2,320,461 910
	(466,061)	(55,101) (51,788)	(162,553) <u>(456,155</u>)	(683,715) <u>(1,190,012)</u>
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	122,972	98,961	225,711	447,644
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Loans from (to) other funds		(36,657)	65.000	05.000
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out NET CASH PROVIDED BY		(16,690)	65,000 <u>(26,035</u>)	65,000 <u>(69,450)</u>
(USED FOR) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	9,932	(53,347)	<u>38,965</u>	(4,450)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of fixed assets Revenue bond proceeds Special assessments received Principal paid on revenue bond	907	(14,000) 6,794	(314,118)	(958,259) 907 6,794 (137,000)
Interest and loan service fees paid on revenue bond	(105,121)			(105,121)
NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(871,355)	(7,206)	(314,118)	(1,192,679)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest on investmentsInterest on special assessments	,	9,918 1,296	10,054	33,153 1,296
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	<u>13,181</u>	11,214	10,054	34,449
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(725,270)	49,622	(39,388)	(715,036)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	745,505	554,172	623,017	1,922,694
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 20,235	<u>\$ 603,794</u>	<u>\$ 583,629</u>	<u>\$1,207,658</u>

EXHIBIT K

Interna	l Service Funds	
Self-Insurance	Equipment <u>Revolving</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ 35,850		\$ 35,850
(26,550)	***************************************	_(26,550)
9,300	•	9,300
	\$ 66,000 (72,860)	66,000 <u>(72,860</u>)
	(6,860)	(6,860)
and managed become a fundamental and		
	5,401	5,401
	5,401	5,401
9,300	(1,459)	7,841
68,645	172,925	241,570
<u>\$ 77,945</u>	\$171,466	<u>\$249,411</u>

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Enterprise Funds			
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	<u>Water</u>	<u>Sewer</u>	Solid Waste	<u>Total</u>
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u>\$ (42,322)</u>	<u>\$ 46,793</u>	<u>\$180,865</u>	<u>\$ 185,336</u>
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Depreciation Amortization Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts	207,976 1,255	61,462	48,245	317,683 1,255
receivable and unbilled usage	(51,937)	(8,541)	7,253	(53,225)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	3,532 (9,271)	31	(15,071) (3,102)	(11,539) (12,342)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	10,649	(1,300)	3,270	12,619
Increase in medical claims payable Increase in due to other governments Increase in salaries payable (Decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in compensated	372 3,622 (50)	516	2,453	372 6,591 (50)
absencesTOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	(854) 	52,168	1,798 44,846	944 262,308
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>\$122,972</u>	<u>\$ 98,961</u>	<u>\$225,711</u>	\$ 447,644
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT YEAR END TO SPECIFIC ASSETS INCLUDED ON THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS				
Cash and pooled investments		\$603,794	\$583,629	\$1,187,423
Restricted assets - cash: Customer deposits	<u>\$ 20,235</u>			20,235
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 20,235	<u>\$603,794</u>	<u>\$583,629</u>	<u>\$1,207,658</u>
NON-CASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Two water and three sewer projects were paid by a governmental fund type and transferred to the enterprise funds. Cost transferred in.	<u>\$180,337</u>	<u>\$117,515</u>	\$	\$ <u>297,852</u>

EXHIBIT K

Interna	l Service Funds	
Self-Insurance	Equipment <u>Revolving</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ 7,039		\$ 7,039
2,261		2,261
2,261		2,261
<u>\$ 9,300</u>	\$	\$ 9,300
\$ 77,945	\$171,466	\$249,411
\$ 77,945	<u>\$171,466</u>	<u>\$249,411</u>
\$	\$	\$

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Spirit Lake, lowa is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa located in Dickinson County. It was first incorporated in 1879 and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the constitution of Iowa. The City operates under the Mayor-Council-Clerk/Administrator form of government with the Mayor and Council Members elected on a non-partisan basis. The City of Spirit Lake provides numerous services to citizens, including general government, public safety, streets, sanitation and health, cultural and park facilities and social services. It also operates the water, sewer, and solid waste utilities.

The financial statements of the City of Spirit Lake have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City has included all funds, organizations, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City. It was determined that the City has no component units.

Jointly Governed Organizations

The City also participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the City but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. City officials are members of the following boards and commissions: Drainage District #22, Spirit Lake Community Fire Department, Dickinson County Airport Authority, Dickinson County Emergency Management Commission, Dickinson County E911 Service Board, Dickinson County Assessor's Conference Board, and various other organizations.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are supported by property tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the City's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Additionally, the City has reported economic development loans as restricted net assets.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, the fixed charges, and the capital improvement costs not paid from other funds.

Special Revenue:

The Tax Increment Financing Revenues Fund is used to account for revenues from the tax authorized by ordinance in the urban renewal district and used to pay the principal and interest on the general obligation capital loan notes and other indebtedness incurred for urban renewal redevelopment projects.

The Local Option Sales Tax Fund - is used to account for the revenues from the tax authorized by referendum and used for property tax relief and capital improvements.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the City's general long-term debt.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Enterprise:

The Water Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

The Sewer Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater treatment and sanitary sewer system.

The Solid Waste Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's solid waste collection activities.

Additionally, the City reports the following funds:

Proprietary Funds - The Internal Service Funds are utilized to account for the financing of goods or services purchased by one department of the City and provided to other departments or agencies on a cost reimbursement basis.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, local option sales tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants, and reimbursements from other governments) and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Under terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants and then by general revenues.

The proprietary funds of the City apply all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting

Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's Proprietary Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Proprietary Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The City maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the City are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash, Pooled Investments, and Cash Equivalents</u> - The cash balances of most City funds are pooled and invested. Interest earned on investments is recorded in the General Fund unless otherwise provided by law. Investments consist of interest-bearing cash accounts and certificates of deposit.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid (including restricted assets) are considered to be cash equivalents.

<u>Property Tax Receivable, Including Tax Increment Financing</u> - Property tax, including tax increment financing, in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date the tax asking is certified by the City to the County Board of Supervisors. Current year property tax receivables represent taxes collected by the County but not remitted to the City at June 30, 2006 and unpaid taxes. The succeeding year property tax receivables represent taxes certified by the City to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the City is required to certify its budget to the County Auditor by March 15 of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivables have been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenues recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the current fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2004 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006 and reflects tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in March 2005.

<u>Accounts and Unbilled Usage Receivable</u> - Accounts receivable are recorded in the enterprise funds at the time the service is billed. Unbilled usage for service consumed between periodic scheduled billing dates is estimated and is recognized as revenue in the period in which the service is provided.

<u>Special Assessments Receivable</u> - Special assessments receivable represents the amounts due from individuals for work done which benefits their property. These assessments are payable by individuals in not less than ten nor more than twenty annual installments. Each annual installment with interest on the unpaid balance is due on September 30 and is subject to the same interest and penalties as other tax.

<u>Due From Other Governments</u> - Due from other governments represents various shared revenues, grants, and reimbursements due from other governments. Shared revenues are recognized during the period received by the collecting authority, the State of Iowa.

<u>Inventories</u> - Proprietary Fund inventories of materials and supplies are valued at cost, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories in the governmental funds are stated at cost and are recorded as an expenditure at the time of purchase. Reported inventories in the governmental funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation.

<u>Prepaid Expenses</u> - Prepaid expenses have been recorded for governmental and proprietary funds. Prepaid expenses in the governmental funds have been offset by a fund balance reserve to indicate they are unavailable for appropriation.

<u>Restricted Assets</u> - Restricted assets include customer deposits restricted for application to unpaid customer accounts or for refund to customers.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, equipment and vehicles and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, and similar items which are immovable and of value only to the government) are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Reportable capital assets are defined by the City as assets with initial, individual costs in excess of \$5,000 and estimated useful lives in excess of four years.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives (In Years)
Buildings	40 - 60 years
Improvements other than buildings	10 - 40 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Equipment	5 - 20 years
Infrastructure	15 - 40 years

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collectible within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represents the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of delinquent property tax receivables, special assessments receivable, and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred revenue in the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax and tax increment financing receivables that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which they are levied.

Compensated Absences - City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death, or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2006. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

<u>Long-term Liabilities</u> - In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business type activities column in the Statement of Net Assets and the proprietary fund Statement of Net Assets.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Fund Equity</u> - In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance are reported for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City's demand deposits, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit at June 30, 2006 were entirely covered by Federal depository insurance or by a multiple financial institution collateral pool in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the members of the pool to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

3. DUE FROM AND DUE TO OTHER FUNDS

The details of interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2006 are as follows:

Due to Fund	Due from Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General	Special Revenue: Local option sales tax Tax increment financing Proprietary: Enterprise: Water	\$ 261,139 87,639 11,385
	Sewer	5,769 365,932
Special Revenue: Local option sales tax	General	168,451
Special Revenue: Tax increment financing	Debt Service Capital Projects	109,441 <u>821,263</u> 930,704
Debt Service	Special Revenue: Local option sales tax	78,541
Proprietary: Enterprise: Sewer	Proprietary: Enterprise: Water	36,657
TOTALS		<u>\$1,580,285</u>

The balances result from interfund loans to finance projects and errors made on transfers to the debt service fund.

4. ALLOWANCES FOR COLLECTION LOSSES

Allowances have been made for estimated collection losses on the following receivable amounts:

		Gross eivables	Colle	ince for ection sses		Net eivables
Accounts and unbilled usage:	1100	. <u></u>		<u> </u>	1100	<u> </u>
General Fund	\$	7,962	\$	40	\$	7,922
Enterprise Funds:						
Water	1	98,645	2	2,152	1	96,493
Sewer		33,261				33,261
Solid waste	_	<u>33,561</u>		<u> 1,662</u>		<u> 28,899</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$2</u>	<u>73,429</u>	\$ 6	<u> 5,854</u>	<u>\$2</u>	66,575

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:	Balance Beginning o <u>f Year</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Transfers <u>In (Out)</u>	Balance End <u>of Year</u>
COST OF CAPITAL ASSETS: Capital assets not being					
depreciated:	Φ 4004000	* (100.00.1)			A
Construction in progress		\$ (169,694)			\$ 4,752,165
Land Total capital assets not	. 302,181	110,722	***************************************		412,903
being depreciated	5,224,040	(58,972)			5,165,068
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings		167,648			1,477,935
Improvements					404,218
Equipment and vehicles	•	367,713	\$ (41,934)		2,729,002
Infrastructure		5,176,384	* () /	\$(297,852)	24,291,992
Total capital assets being				/	
depreciated	23,531,188	5,711,745	<u>(41,934</u>)	(297,852)	28,903,147
TOTAL COST OF				,	
CAPITAL ASSETS	28,755,228	<u>5,652,773</u>	<u>(41,934</u>)	<u>(297,852</u>)	34,068,215
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	•				
Buildings		29,695			395,847
Improvements		9,374			266,126
Equipment and vehicles		201,287	(41,934)		1,199,503
Infrastructure		446,697	(, , ,		3,071,584
TOTAL ACCUMULATED					
DEPRECIATION	<u>4,287,941</u>	<u>687,053</u>	<u>(41,934</u>)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,933,060
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
CAPITAL ASSETS - NET	\$24,467 <u>,287</u>	\$4,965,720	\$	\$(2 <u>97,852</u>)	<u>\$29,135,155</u>

BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES:	Balance Beginning <u>of Year</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Transfers In (Out)	Balance End <u>of Year</u>
COST OF CAPITAL ASSETS:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Construction in progress	\$ 5,837	\$ 637,523			\$ 643,360
Land	96,859	Ψ 007,020			96,859
Total capital assets not				***************************************	
being depreciated	102,696	637,523			740,219
Capital assets being depreciated:	102,000				
Buildings	5,660,569	40,328			5,700,897
Improvements	113,651	•			113,651
Water towers	891,356				891,356
Equipment and vehicles	1,125,908	332,643			1,458,551
Infrastructure	<u>5,039,519</u>	<u> 17,966</u>		<u>\$297,852</u>	<u>5,355,337</u>
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	12,831,003	<u>390,937</u>		<u>297,852</u>	<u> 13,519,792</u>
TOTAL COST OF					
CAPITAL ASSETS	<u>12,933,699</u>	<u> 1,028,460</u>		<u>297,852</u>	<u> 14,260,011</u>
A COLUMN ATER REPRESIATION					
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION:	4.004.704	141 215			4 442 046
Buildings	1,031,731 93,878	111,315 1,696			1,143,046 95,574
Improvements Water towers		17,827			340,518
Equipment and vehicles	322,691 556,928	82,800			639,728
Infrastructure	810,974	104,04 <u>5</u>			915,019
TOTAL ACCUMULATED	010,974	104,045			
DEPRECIATION	2,816,202	317,683			<u>3,133,885</u>
BUSINESS TYPE					
CAPITAL ASSETS - NET	\$10,117,497	<u>\$ 710,777</u>	\$	\$297,852	<u>\$11,126,126</u>
COST OF LOAN SEES	ф 07 040				e 07.040
COST OF LOAN FEES	\$ 37,640	e ፈርር			\$ 37,640
LESS: Accumulated amortization	<u>2,509</u>	<u>\$ 1,255</u>			3,764
LOAN FEES - NET	\$ 35,131	\$ (1,255)	\$	\$	\$ 33,876
LOANT LLO-INLI	Ψ 00,101	<u>w 11,600</u>)	Ψ	<u>¥</u>	<u>w</u>

Depreciation was charged to functions of the government as follows:

Governmental Activities: Public safety Public works Culture and recreation General government	\$	42,243 540,689 99,663 4,458
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$_</u>	687,053
Business Type Activities: Water Sewer Solid waste		207,976 61,462 48,245
Total Business Type Activities	<u>\$</u>	317,683

6. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT LOANS

The City has loaned money for economic development purposes. Following is a summary of these loans:

Forgivable loan to a local business. The loan is interest free and is forgivable ratably over 10 years if certain conditions are met. During the year ended June 30, 2006, the City forgave \$40,000 of this loan.	\$120,000
Forgivable loan to a local business. The loan is interest-free and forgivable ratably over five years if certain conditions are met. During the year ended June 30, 2006, the City forgave \$6,000 of this loan.	13,000
lowa Nonentitlement Community Development Block Grant. Economic Development set aside loan to a local business. The loan is interest-free and is payable in quarterly installments of \$12,500 over a five-year period	200,000
TOTAL	<u>\$333,000</u>

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2006 is as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:	Date of Issue	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Amount Originally <u>Issued</u>	Final Due <u>Date</u>
GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS/NOTES: Fire station building	10-1-95 9-1-99 10-1-01 10-1-01 6-1-02 6-1-03 10-1-04 4-1-05 8-1-05	7.00 - 7.50% 3.65 - 4.00% 3.80 - 4.40% 3.50 - 4.35% 3.55 - 4.00% 2.50 - 4.45% 2.60 - 3.35% 3.50 - 4.35%	\$ 400,000 400,000 4,000,000 470,000 3,060,000 4,200,000 2,280,000 1,145,000 5,000,000	6-1-2011 6-1-2012 6-1-2012 6-1-2023 6-1-2024 6-1-2012 6-1-2025
Less unamortized bond discount				
NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS/NO	TES			
LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX REVENUE BONDS	3-23-06	4.40%	1,000,000	6-1-2016
COMPENSATED ABSENCES				
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES:				
REVENUE NOTES: Water revenue capital loan notes, Series 2003	5-20-03	3.25%	3,501,000	6-1-2023
COMPENSATED ABSENCES				
TOTAL BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES				

Balance Beginning o <u>f Year</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance End of <u>Year</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
\$ 30,000 265,000		\$ 30,000 40,000	\$ 225,000	\$ 40,000
2,750,000 265,000 1,615,000 4,200,000 2,280,000 1,145,000		575,000 35,000 275,000 35,000 175,000	2,175,000 230,000 1,340,000 4,200,000 2,245,000 970,000	625,000 35,000 275,000 95,000 170,000
12,550,000	\$5,000,000 5,000,000	1,165,000	5,000,000 16,385,000	1,240,000
(40,300) 12,509,700	(65,000) 4,935,000	(5,935) 1,159,065	(99,365) 16,285,635	1,240,000
47,721	1,000,000 12,475		1,000,000 60,196	60,196
\$12,557,421	\$5,947,475	<u>\$1,159,065</u>	\$17,345,831	\$1,300,196
\$ 3,216,093	\$ 907	\$ 137,000	\$ 3,080,000	\$ 142,000
29,053	944		29,997	29,997
\$ 3,245,146	<u>\$ 1,851</u>	<u>\$ 137,000</u>	<u>\$3,109,997</u>	<u>\$ 171,997</u>

General Obligation Bonds/Notes

General obligation bonds/notes to be serviced by the Debt Service Fund totaled \$16,385,000 at June 30, 2006.

A majority of the general obligation bonds are anticipated to be repaid from tax increment financing revenues and local option sales tax funds. In compliance with statutory requirements, any payments from other funds are recorded as reimbursements to the Debt Service Fund in the City's accounting records. General obligation bonds/notes bear interest with rates ranging from 2.50% to 7.5%.

Subsequent to June 30, 2006, the City issued \$4,300,000 of general obligation urban renewal annual appropriation bonds. During June 2006, the City received a good faith deposit on the bonds for \$43,000 which is shown as a liability on the Statement of Net Assets.

Revenue Notes

The City has water revenue capital loan notes issued under a loan agreement between the City of Spirit Lake, the Iowa Finance Authority, the Iowa Department of Natural Resources, and Wells Fargo Bank Iowa, N.A. The notes bear interest at 3.25% including a .25% Ioan service fee.

The resolution providing for the issuance of the water revenue capital loan notes include the following provisions:

- (A) The notes will only be redeemed from the future earnings of the enterprise activity and the note holders hold a lien on the future earnings of the funds.
- (B) Sufficient monthly transfers shall be made into a separate water revenue sinking account for the purpose of making the principal and interest payments when due.
- (C) User rates shall be established at a level which produces and maintains net revenues at a level not less than 110% of the amount of principal and interest on the note falling due in the same year.

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the City did not establish the sinking fund and the net revenues of the water fund did not meet the 110% test as required by the resolution.

Stamped Warrants

During July 2005, the City issued \$744,471 of stamped warrants to pay for a construction project. The stamped warrants were redeemed in August 2005, plus interest of \$2,616.

A summary of the City's long-term debt maturities is as follows:

Governmental Activities

Year Ending	General	Obligation Bond	s/Notes	Local Option	Sales Tax Rev	venue Bonds
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
0007	0.1.0.10.000	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	# 4.000.00#			
2007	\$1,240,000	\$ 629,035	\$1,869,035		\$ 52,189	\$ 52,189
2008	1,085,000	585,673	1,670,673		44,000	44,000
2009	1,075,000	546,393	1,621,393		44,000	44,000
2010	1,100,000	506,388	1,606,388		44,000	44,000
2011	1,110,000	464,413	1,574,413		44,000	44,000
2012	1,275,000	420,653	1,695,653		44,000	44,000
2013	785,000	372,585	1,157,585		44,000	44,000
2014	760,000	344,464	1,104,464		44,000	44,000
2015	765,000	316,880	1,081,880	\$ 500,000	44,000	544,000
2016	770,000	288,872	1,058,872	500,000	22,000	522,000
2017	770,000	260,250	1,030,250			
2018	775,000	231,137	1,006,137			
2019	785,000	201,118	986,118			
2020	790,000	170,234	960,234			
2021	795,000	138,540	933,540			
2022	800,000	106,022	906,022			
2023	805,000	72,890	877,890			
2024	535,000	39,138	574,138			
2025 _	<u> 365,000</u>	<u> 15,878</u>	<u>380,878</u>	***************************************		
Total	\$16,385 <u>,000</u>	<u>\$5,710,563</u>	\$22,095, <u>563</u>	<u>\$1,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 426,189</u>	\$1,426,189

				Business Type Activities					
Year Ending	Total C	<u> Sovernmental Ad</u>	ctivities	_	Water Re	<u>ven</u>	ue Capital	Loar	n Notes
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2007	\$1,240,000	\$ 681,224	\$1,921,224	;	\$ 142,000	\$	100,100	\$	242,100
2008	1,085,000	629,673	1,714,673		146,000		95,485		241,485
2009	1,075,000	590,393	1,665,393		150,000		90,740		240,740
2010	1,100,000	550,388	1,650,388		155,000		85,865		240,865
2011	1,110,000	508,413	1,618,413		159,000		80,827		239,827
2012	1,275,000	464,653	1,739,653		164,000		75,660		239,660
2013	785,000	416,585	1,201,585		169,000		70,330		239,330
2014	760,000	388,464	1,148,464		174,000		64,838		238,838
2015	1,265,000	360,880	1,625,880		179,000		59,182		238,182
2016	1,270,000	310,872	1,580,872		185,000		53,365		238,365
2017	770,000	260,250	1,030,250		190,000		47,353		237,353
2018	775,000	231,137	1,006,137		196,000		41,178		237,178
2019	785,000	201,118	986,118		202,000		34,807		236,807
2020	790,000	170,234	960,234		208,000		28,243		236,243
2021	795,000	138,540	933,540		214,000		21,483		235,483
2022	800,000	106,022	906,022		220,000		14,527		234,527
2023	805,000	72,890	877,890		227,000		7,377		234,377
2024	535,000	39,138	574,138						
2025 _	365,000	<u> 15,878</u>	<u>380,878</u>	_					
Total	\$17,385,000	\$6,136,752	<u>\$23,521,752</u>	<u>2</u>	3,080,000	\$	971,360	<u>\$4</u>	,051,360

8. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	<u>Amount</u>
General	Special Revenue: Local option sales tax Tax increment financing Capital Projects Proprietary: Enterprise:	\$ 644,649 100,000 109,935
	Water Sewer	1,725 690
	Solid waste Internal Service:	1,035
	Equipment revolving	7,860 865,894
Debt Service	Special Revenue: Local option sales tax Tax increment financing	225,926 <u>1,609,895</u> 1,835,821
Capital Projects	Special Revenue: Tax increment financing	4,289,654
Proprietary: Enterprise: Solid Waste	Proprietary: Internal service: Equipment revolving	65,000
Proprietary: Internal service:	Proprietary: Enterprise:	
Equipment revolving	Water Sewer Solid waste	25,000 16,000 <u>25,000</u> <u>66,000</u>
TOTAL OPERATING TRANS	FERS	<u>\$7,122,369</u>

9. PENSION AND RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The City contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by State statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, PO Box 9117, Des Moines, IA 50306-9117.

Most regular plan members are required to contribute 3.70% of their annual salary and the City is required to contribute 5.75% of annual covered salaries. Certain employees in special risk occupations and the City contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate. Contribution requirements are established by State statute. The City's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$112,427, \$99,435, and \$95,005, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

10. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

All full-time City employees accumulate sick leave hours for subsequent use. Except for a portion that is paid annually, the accumulation of sick leave hours did not vest as of June 30, 2006, and therefore is not recognized as a liability until used by the employee or upon retirement or death. The City's approximate contingent liability for the unvested sick leave as of June 30, 2006 is as follows:

 Governmental activities
 \$243,463

 Business type activities
 127,416

 TOTAL
 \$370,879

11. INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT REVENUE BONDS

The City has issued a total of \$1,000,000 of industrial development revenue bonds, of which \$727,639 is outstanding at June 30, 2006. The bonds and related interest are payable solely from the rents payable by tenants of the properties constructed, and the bond principal and interest do not constitute liabilities of the City.

12. DEFICIT BALANCES

At June 30, 2006, the general fund had an undesignated deficit balance of \$363,981. The City is in the process of finding a solution to the problem. The City did not request the maximum amount of tax increment financing (TIF) revenues for fiscal year ending June 30, 2007. It is the intention of the City not to request the maximum amount of TIF for years ending after June 30, 2008. This will result in more property tax revenues for the general fund. The proposed budget for fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 requests an increase in the employee benefits levy and also requests an emergency levy. The City also hopes to change the local option sales tax referendum to allow the 60%, which is now allocated to capital improvements, to be allocated to the general fund. The City believes these actions, in addition to controlling expenditures and a general increase in property tax valuations, will eliminate the deficit.

The capital projects fund had a deficit balance of \$3,724,580 at June 30, 2006. The deficit will be eliminated from the proceeds of a bond issue and transfers from other funds.

13. COMMITMENTS

The City has entered into several contracts for a water tower, paving projects, and other infrastructure projects. A summary of the uncompleted projects is as follows:

 Contract total
 \$6,376,683

 Completed at June 30, 2006
 665,675

 Uncompleted
 \$5,711,008

The City has committed funds to several nonprofit organizations, including \$100,000 per year for ten years for a new YMCA. No contracts have been signed. The City will report the expenditures in the year payments are made.

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to June 30, 2006, the City entered into a construction contract for street lighting of \$636,297 and a material only contract for utility improvements totaling \$421,605.

The City also issued \$4,300,000 of general obligation urban renewal annual appropriation bonds on July 7, 2006 and \$2,397,000 of general obligation capital loan notes in November 2006.

The City Clerk/Administrator/Treasurer signed an early retirement agreement on August 22, 2006. The employee's final working day was September 29, 2006. Under the terms of the agreement, the employee was paid his ordinary salary through the end of 2006. The agreement also calls for various other payments payable in 2007, including a lump sum payment equal to four months salary, accrued vacation pay through December 31, 2006, and paying the cost of the employee's medical and dental insurance through June 30, 2007.

The City hired a new City Clerk/Administrator/Treasurer in January 2007.

15. SIGNIFICANT GROUP CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

In the course of selling water and sewer services, the City grants credit to customers, all of whom are local residents.

16. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is a member in the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 531 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine, and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each members' annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained to equal 300 percent of the total current members' basis rates or to comply with the requirements of any applicable regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Pool.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses and reinsurance premiums, all of which are due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The City's property and casualty contributions to the risk pool are recorded as expenditures from its operating funds at the time of payment to the risk pool. The City's annual contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2006 were \$90,424.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$350,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 per claim and \$5,000,000 in aggregate per year. For members requiring specific coverage from \$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000, such excess coverage is also reinsured. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$100,000 each occurrence, each location, with excess coverage reinsured on an individual-member basis.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim or series of claims exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the member's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event that a series of casualty claims exhausts total members' equity plus any reinsurance and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims shall be the obligation of the respective individual member. As of June 30, 2006, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance company coverage since the pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days' prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Members withdrawing within the first six years of membership may receive a partial refund of their capital contributions. If a member withdraws after the sixth year, the member is refunded 100 percent of its capital contributions. However, the refund is reduced by an amount equal to the annual operating contribution which the withdrawing member would have made for the one-year period following withdrawal.

The City has established a partial self-insurance health insurance fund (an internal service fund) to account for group insurance risks. The City has agreed to pay a portion of the employees' deductible.

The claims liability of \$3,898 reported in the fund at June 30, 2006 is based on claims reported but unpaid and estimated claims incurred but not reported as of June 30, 2006. Changes in the balances of claims liability during the year are as follows:

Unpaid claims - June 30, 2005	1,637 28,811
Less claims paid	(26,550)
Unpaid claims - June 30, 2006	\$ 3,898

The City has workmen's compensation coverage through the Iowa Municipalities Workers' Compensation Association. In addition, the City purchases employee blanket bond coverage from other insurers. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

17. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

18. RESTATEMENT TO BEGINNING FUND BALANCES

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the City discovered that an economic development loans fund was reported as a special revenue fund in error. The fund should have been reported with the general fund since the revenues are not required to be reported in another fund. The change to the beginning fund balances is as follows:

	General <u>Fund</u>	Economic Development Loans <u>Fund</u>
Fund balance as previously reported	\$(307,596) 	\$542,007 (542,007)
Fund balance - beginning of year, as restated	<u>\$ 234,411</u>	<u>\$0</u>



CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS) - GOVERNMENTAL AND PROPRIETARY FUNDS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

RECEIPTS:	Governmental Funds <u>Actual</u>	Proprietary Funds <u>Actual</u>	Total <u>Actual</u>
Property taxes Other city taxes Tax increment financing revenues Licenses and permits Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for services Special assessments Miscellaneous TOTAL RECEIPTS	824,994 2,166,498 131,656 162,288 453,555 15,668	\$ 38,554 2,351,662 8,090 5,559 2,403,865	\$ 1,122,643 824,994 2,166,498 131,656 200,842 453,555 2,367,330 8,090 212,504 7,488,112
Program: Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Community and economic development General government Debt service Capital projects Business type Non-program TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	. 849,778 . 663,020 . 345,995 . 451,180 . 1,879,818 . 2,995,488	3,074,107 26,550 3,100,657	854,618 849,778 663,020 345,995 451,180 1,879,818 2,995,488 3,074,107 26,550 11,140,554
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RECEIPTS OVER (UNDER) DISBURSEMENTS	(2,955,650)	(696,792)	(3,652,442)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfer in Operating transfer out Bond proceeds - net Loan proceeds Sale of fixed assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	. (6,720,067) . 5,978,000	131,000 (142,310) 907 ———————————————————————————————————	6,862,377 (6,862,377) 5,978,000 907 56,000
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RECEIPTS AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) OVER (UNDER) DISBURSEMENTS	3,089,660	(707,195)	2,382,465
BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	. (1,767,657)	2,164,264	396,607
BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$1,322,003	<u>\$1,457,069</u>	\$ 2,779,072

Less Funds Not Required	Al. d			Final to
to be <u>Budgeted</u>	Net <u>Actual</u>	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual <u>Variance</u>
₽ <i>E 404</i>	\$ 1,122,643 824,994 2,166,498 131,656	\$1,110,715 812,945 1,899,417 119,100	\$ 1,110,715 812,945 1,899,417 119,100	\$ 11,928 12,049 267,081 12,556
\$ 5,401	195,441 453,555	14,300 532,784	14,300 492,784	181,141 (39,229)
35,850	2,331,480 8,090	2,343,330 18,740	2,343,330 18,740	(11,850) (10,650)
41,251	212,504 7,446,861	101,200 6,952,531	168,093 6,979,424	<u>44,411</u> <u>467,437</u>
	854,618 849,778 663,020	750,767 728,885 417,250	900,767 978,885 587,250	46,149 129,107 (75,770)
	345,995	•	35,000	(310,995)
	451,180 1,879,818	468,822 1,702,334	468,822 1,947,334	17,642 67,516
	2,995,488 3,074,107	130,000 3,199,866	4,737,901 3,199,866	1,742,413 125,759
<u>26,550</u>				
<u>26,550</u>	11,114,004	<u>7,397,924</u>	12,855,825	<u>1,741,821</u>
<u>14,701</u>	(3,667,143)	(445,393)	(5,876,401)	2,209,258
66,000 (72,860)	6,796,377 (6,789,517) 5,978,000 907 56,000	2,292,622 (2,292,622) 700,000	6,605,670 (6,605,670) 6,000,000 700,000	190,707 (183,847) (22,000) (699,093) 56,000
(6,860)	6,041,767	700,000	6,700,000	(658,233)
7,841	2,374,624	254,607	823,599	1,551,025
241,570	<u>155,037</u>	52,186	52,186	102,851
<u>\$249,411</u>	\$ 2,529,661	\$ 306,793	\$ 875,785	<u>\$1,653,876</u>

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE **BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION** REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Governmental Funds		
	Cash <u>Basis</u>		
REVENUES	\$5,084,247	\$ 57,831	\$ 5,142,078
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES	_8,039,897	2,341,432	10,381,329
NET	(2,955,650)	(2,283,601)	(5,239,251)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET	6,045,310		6,045,310
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS	(1,767,657)	(441,387)	(2,209,044)
NET INCREASE IN RESERVES FOR PREPAID EXPENSES AND INVENTORIES		22,745	22,745
ENDING FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS	<u>\$1,322,003</u>	<u>\$(2,702,243)</u>	<u>\$ (1,380,240)</u>

Proprietary Funds			
Cash <u>Basis</u>	Accrual Adjustments	Accrual <u>Basis</u>	
\$2,403,865	\$ (23,327)	\$2,380,538	
3,100,657	(848,925)	2,251,732	
(696,792)	825,598	128,806	
(10,403)	296,945	286,542	
2,164,264	7,034,270	9,198,534	
<u>\$1,457,069</u>	<u>\$8,156,813</u>	\$9,613,882	

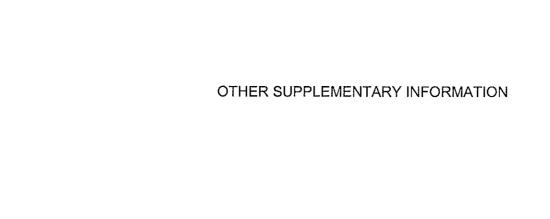
CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY REPORTING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. Encumbrances are not recognized on the cash basis budget and appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon nine major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These nine functions are: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital projects, and business-type activities. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund, capital projects funds, and enterprise funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. During the year, one budget amendment increased budgeted disbursements by \$5,457,901. This budget amendment is reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

During the year, disbursements exceeded budgeted amounts in the culture and recreation and community and economic development functions.



CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Road Use	Employee	Friends of	
	Tax	Benefits	the Library	Total
ASSETS:		***************************************	<u></u>	
Cash and pooled investments Receivables: Property tax:	\$ 6,479	\$ 6,469	\$ 43,473	\$ 56,421
Delinquent Succeeding year		3,056 295,778		3,056 295,778
Accrued interest Due from other governments	27,867		169 	169 <u>27,867</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 34,346</u>	\$305,303	<u>\$ 43,642</u>	<u>\$383,291</u>
LIABLITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Salaries payable Deferred revenue:	\$ 5,460	\$ 6,668	\$ 2,906	\$ 8,366 6,668
Succeeding year property tax TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,460	295,778 302,446	2,906	295,778 310,812
FUND BALANCES: Undesignated:				
Reported in special revenue funds TOTAL FUND BALANCES	28,886 28,886	2,857 2,857	40,736 40,736	72,479 72,479
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	<u>\$ 34,346</u>	<u>\$305,303</u>	\$ 43,642	<u>\$383,291</u>

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Road Use	Employee	Friends of	
	<u>Tax</u>	<u>Benefits</u>	the Library	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES:				
Property taxes		\$248,309		\$248,309
Use of money and property			\$ 1,612	1,612
Intergovernmental	\$357,898		7,676	365,574
Miscellaneous			21,775	<u>21,775</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>357,898</u>	<u>248,309</u>	<u>31,063</u>	637,270
EXPENDITURES:				
Public safety		148,062		148,062
Public works	345,101	35,926		381,027
Culture and recreation	,	57,271	44,777	102,048
General government		11,487	,	11,487
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	345,101	252,746	44,777	642,624
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	12,797	(4,437)	(13,714)	(5,354)
	, 2, , 0 ,	(1,101)	(10,111)	(0,001)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>16,089</u>	<u>7,294</u>	<u>54,450</u>	77,833
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 28,886	\$ 2,857	\$ 40,736	\$ 72,479

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST FOUR YEARS

		Modified Accrual Basis			
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	
REVENUES:		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Property tax	\$ 1,129,537	\$ 843,981	\$1,142,851	\$1,121,172	
Tax increment financing	2,172,594	1,731,352	1,391,242	1,263,945	
Other city taxes	826,485	891,781	805,299	832,532	
Licenses and permits	131,435	108,201	97,195	96,478	
Use of money and property	97,431	20,284	31,565	34,047	
Intergovernmental	454,263	859,592	1,223,829	1,243,783	
Charges for services	121,608	18,413	17,015	9,877	
Miscellaneous	208,725	443,630	<u>258,407</u>	<u>169,736</u>	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 5,142,078	\$ 4,917,234	<u>\$4,967,403</u>	<u>\$4,771,570</u>	
EXPENDITURES:					
Public safety	\$ 859,905	\$ 778,099	\$ 905,311	\$ 746,943	
Public works	1,100,480	699,150	656,959	803,296	
Culture and recreation Community and economic	649,885	404,370	340,008	383,586	
development	485,132	287,054	649,057	347,419	
General government	363,725	308,252	317,372	268,030	
Debt service	1,879,487	4,922,135	1,562,485	1,413,144	
Capital projects	5,042,715	3,701,608	4,212,887	3,161,707	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$10,381,329	\$11,100,668	\$8,644,079	\$7,124,125	

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH **GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Spirit Lake Spirit Lake, IA 51360

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Spirit Lake, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated January 24, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the City's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial

reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we believe item I-A-06 is a material weakness.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that are described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2006 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of the City of Spirit Lake, and other parties to whom the City may report. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Winther, Stone Co Lht

January 24, 2007

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Part I: Findings Related to the General Purpose Financial Statements

I-A-06 Segregation of Duties - One important aspect of internal control is the segregation of duties among employees to prevent an individual employee from handling duties which are incompatible. We noted, because of the limited number of employees, there are times when employees are performing duties which are not compatible.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We realize that with a limited number of office employees segregation of duties is difficult. However, the City should review its control procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

Response - The City will continue to review its control procedures.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

I-B-06 IRC Section 457 Plans - The City has three 457 plans. It appears that the plan documents have not been updated for recent Internal Revenue Code changes.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We recommend the City hire a consultant familiar with 457 plans to review and update the plan documents, if required.

Response - The City will follow this recommendation.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

II-A-06 Certified Budget - We noted that disbursements in the culture and recreation and community and economic development functions exceeded the amended budgeted amounts. In addition, we noted that disbursements in the capital projects function exceeded the original budgeted amounts before the budget was amended. Chapter 384.20 of the Code of lowa states in part that public monies may not be expended or encumbered except under an annual or continuing appropriation.

<u>Recommendation</u> - The budget should have been amended in sufficient amounts in accordance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of lowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

<u>Response</u> - In the future, we will amend the budget prior to allowing disbursements to exceed budgeted amounts, if applicable.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- II-B-06 Questionable Expenditures We noted no expenditures that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- II-C-06 <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- II-D-06 <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the City and City officials or employees were noted.
- II-E-06 Bond Coverage Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- II-F-06 <u>Council Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Council minutes but were not.
- II-G-06 Revenue Bonds/Notes The City has not established the sinking fund and the net revenues of the water fund were less than 110% of the principal and interest due in the year as required by the water revenue note resolution.

Recommendation - We recommend the City establish the sinking fund and make the required transfers. In addition, the City should make changes in rates or expenditures to insure that the net revenues meet the 110% test required by the resolution.

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting - Continued

Response - The City established and funded the sinking fund in October 2006. The City has increased water rates effective July 1, 2006 and another increase will be effective July 1, 2007.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- II-H-06 <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy were noted.
- II-I-06 <u>Financial Condition</u> The general fund had an undesignated deficit balance of \$363,981 at June 30, 2006.

<u>Recommendation</u> - The City needs to investigate alternatives to eliminate this deficit in order to return this fund to a sound financial position.

Response - The City is in the process of finding a solution to the problem. The City did not request the maximum amount of tax increment financing (TIF) revenues for fiscal year ending June 30, 2007. It is the intention of the City not to request the maximum amount of TIF for years ending after June 30, 2008. This will result in more property tax revenues for the general fund. The proposed budget for fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 requests an increase in the employee benefits levy and also requests an emergency levy. The City also hopes to change the local option sales tax referendum to allow the 60%, which is now allocated to capital improvements, to be allocated to the general fund. The City believes these actions, in addition to controlling expenditures and a general increase in property tax valuations, will eliminate the deficit.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

II-J-06 Local Option Sales Tax (LOST) - the Local Option Sales Tax referendum states revenues from the tax are to be allocated 40% for property tax relief and 60% for capital improvements. The City records the receipt of LOST in a special revenue fund and then transfers LOST to other funds for expenditure.

The City transfers 40% of the LOST receipts to the general fund to satisfy the 40% property tax relief requirement. Since the City's general fund levy is at the maximum and the City has also levied for insurance costs and for employee benefits, it is difficult to determine how the transfer to the general fund results in property tax relief.

<u>Recommendation</u> - The City should develop procedures to enable the City to identify local option sales tax disbursements to ensure the City is in compliance with the referendum.

CITY OF SPIRIT LAKE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting - Continued

Response - The City believes that without the transfer of local options sales tax to the general fund, the City would have to certify less than the maximum tax increment financing revenues. This could result in a reduction of abatements to the debt service fund, and force the City to levy a tax for debt service.

In the future, it is the intention of the City to satisfy the property tax relief requirement with transfers to the Employee Benefits Fund or the Debt Service Fund and reducing those levies. That action is contingent on a change in the local option sales tax referendum.

Conclusion - Response accepted.